

## CLAIMS

1. A method of generating addresses for an interleaver of an encoder in a  
2 wireless communication system, the method comprising:

4 determining a first counter value corresponding to a first valid address;

6 generating the first valid address from the first counter value;

determining a second counter value, the second counter value

8 corresponding to a second valid address; and

generating the second valid address based on the second counter value.

2. The method as in claim 1, wherein the first counter value and the second

4 counter value are included in a set of counter values corresponding to valid  
6 addresses.

3. The method as in claim 2, wherein generating an address comprises:

2 adding an offset to the counter value.

4. The method as in claim 2, wherein determining the second counter value

2 comprises adding a counter offset value to the first counter value.

5. The method as in claim 4, wherein the set of counter values are stored in

2 a memory storage device, each stored counter value having a corresponding  
4 counter offset value.

6. An address generation apparatus for an interleaver in a wireless

2 communication system, the apparatus comprising:

4 means for determining a first counter value corresponding to a first valid  
6 address;

8 means for generating the first valid address from the first counter value;

means for determining a second counter value, the second counter value  
corresponding to a second valid address; and

means for generating the second valid address based on the second  
counter value

7. The apparatus as in claim 6, wherein the means for generating a second

2 counter value adds an offset counter value to the first counter value.

8. An address generation apparatus for an interleaver in a wireless  
2 communication system, the apparatus comprising:  
4       a counter; and  
6       a plurality of address generators each coupled to the counter, each of the  
8       plurality of address generators comprising:  
10       a memory storage device coupled to the counter, storing a plurality  
12       of counter values with corresponding counter offset values; and  
14       a second counter coupled to the memory storage device, adapted to  
16       add the counter offset value to a previously generated address.

18. The apparatus as in claim 8, wherein the second counter comprises:  
20       an adder having a first input coupled to the memory storage device;  
22       a multiplexor having a first input coupled to an output of the adder and a  
24       second input coupled to a predetermined initialization value; and  
26       a second memory storage device coupled to the output of the multiplexor  
28       and having an output coupled to a second input to the adder.

30. The apparatus as in claim 9, further comprising:  
32       append circuitry coupled between the memory storage device and the  
34       second counter, wherein the append circuitry appends a  
36       predetermined value to the output of the memory storage device.

38. The apparatus as in claim 10, wherein the first memory storage device  
40       is a look up table.

42. A data encoder, comprising:  
44       a plurality of memories for storing sequential input information bits;  
46       a plurality of interleavers for scrambling the input information bits;  
48       a first encoder coupled to a first of the memories, the first encoder  
50       adapted to encode the sequential input information bits; and  
52       a second encoder coupled to the plurality of memories, the second  
54       encoder adapted to encode the interleaved input information bits.

56. The data encoder as in claim 12, wherein the first encoder and the  
58       second encoder process multiple bits per system clock cycle.

60. The data encoder as in claim 13, wherein the first encoder and the  
62       second encoder include a plurality of AND-XOR trees.

15. The data encoder as in claim 14, wherein the first encoder and the  
2 second encoder recursively process multiple bits.

16. A method of encoding data, comprising:  
2 receiving a plurality of input bits;  
4 calculating a first set of state values based on the plurality of input bits;  
and  
6 generating a first set of encoded output values using the first set of state  
values and the plurality of input bits.

17. The method as in claim 16, wherein the first set of state values are  
2 stored in memory storage devices.

18. The method as in claim 17, further comprising:  
2 generating a second set of state values based on the plurality of input  
4 bits and the first set of state values,  
wherein generating the first set of encoded output values uses the first set of  
6 state values, the second set of state values, and the plurality of input bits.

19. The method as in claim 18, further comprising:  
2 providing the plurality of input bits as a first set of outputs.

20. A method of encoding data, comprising:  
2 receiving a plurality of input bits; and  
4 during a single system clock cycle:  
calculating a first set of state values based on the plurality of input  
bits;  
6 calculating a second set of state values based on the plurality of input  
bits and the first set of state values;  
8 calculating a third set of state values based on the plurality of input  
bits, and the first and second sets of state values; and  
10 generating a set of encoded outputs based on the first, second, and  
third sets of state values.

21. A method of as in claim 20, further comprising:  
2 storing the third set of state values in a memory storage device.

22. A method as in claim 21, further comprising:  
2 receiving a second plurality of input bits;

during a single system clock cycle:

- 4        calculating a fourth set of state values based on the second plurality of input bits and the third set of state values;
- 6        calculating a fifth set of state values based on the second plurality of input bits and the fourth set of state values;
- 8        calculating a sixth set of state values based on the second plurality of input bits and the fourth and fifth sets of state values; and
- 10      generating a second set of encoded outputs based on the fourth, fifth, and sixth sets of state values.
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23. An encoder apparatus, comprising:

- 2        a lookahead state generator adapted to generate a plurality of state values during one system clock cycle in response to receiving a plurality of input bits;
- 4        a first output generator coupled to the lookahead state generator, the first output generator adapted to output a set of output values in response to the plurality of state values; and
- 6        a second output generator coupled to the lookahead state generator, the second output generator adapted to output a second set of output values in response to the plurality of state values.
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24. The encoder apparatus as in claim 23, wherein the first output generator generates the set of output values according to:

$$Y_0 = I \oplus S1 \oplus S0,$$

4        wherein S1 and S0 are states in the plurality of state values generated by the lookahead state generator and I is an input bit in the plurality of input bits.

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25. The encoder apparatus as in claim 24, wherein the second output generator generates the second set of output values according to:

$$Y_1 = I \oplus S0.$$

26. An apparatus for encoding data, comprising:

- 2        means for receiving a plurality of input bits; and
- 4        means for calculating a first set of state values based on the plurality of input bits;
- 6        means for calculating a second set of state values based on the plurality of input bits and the first set of state values;

means for calculating a third set of state values based on the plurality of  
8 input bits, and the first and second sets of state values; and  
means for generating a set of encoded outputs based on the first,  
10 second, and third sets of state values during a single system clock  
cycle.

27. An apparatus, comprising:  
2 a data processing unit; and  
a memory storage device adapted to store a plurality of computer-  
4 readable instructions for:  
receiving a plurality of input bits; and  
6 during a single system clock cycle:  
calculating a first set of state values based on the plurality of input  
8 bits;  
calculating a second set of state values based on the plurality of  
10 input bits and the first set of state values;  
calculating a third set of state values based on the plurality of  
12 input bits, and the first and second sets of state values; and  
generating a set of encoded outputs based on the first, second,  
14 and third sets of state values.